

**SOCIOLOGY TEST SCHEDULE FOR MAINS 2020-21****ONLINE**

T.N.	CHAPTERS	DATE
I	TEST-01	13 JUNE 2020
II	TEST-02	20 JUNE 2020
III	TEST-03	27 JUNE 2020
IV	TEST-04	04 JULY 2020
V	TEST-05	11 JULY 2020
VI	TEST-06	18 JULY 2020
VII	TEST-07	25 JULY 2020
VIII	TEST-08	01 AUGUST 2020
IX	Full Length Paper I	08 AUGUST 2020
X	Full Length Paper II	16 AUGUST 2020

**NOTE:**

1. YOU CAN WRITE TESTS AS PER YOUR CONVENIENCE/FLEXIBILITY
2. TEST PAPER WILL BE MAILED AND AFTER TEST DATE, MODEL ANSWER AND DISCUSSION VIDEO WILL BE MAILED
3. COPY WILL BE EVALUATED AND MAILED BACK
4. YOU CAN WRITE SOME OF YOUR TESTS AFTER PRELIMS
5. YOU CAN ASK ANY QUERIES THROUGH MAIL-ENQUIRIES@LUKMAANIAS.COM

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## SOCIOLOGY MAINS TEST SERIES 2020-21

### SOCIOLOGY PAPER I

T. N.	UNIT	DATE
I	<p><b>Sociology the discipline:</b> emergence of sociology, modernity and social change in Europe as the contexts of emergence of sociology. What is sociology, subject matter of sociology, Comparison of sociology with Anthropology, Psychology, History, Economics and Political science. Sociology and common sense, no relevance of common sense in sociology, The scientific temper of sociology.</p> <p><b>Sociology as science:</b> Science, scientific method and its critique. Principles of science, objectivity, value neutrality, validity and verifiability, fact and value. Major theoretical trends and methods of sociology, dialectical approach and method or historical method, comparative method, method of verstehen or interpretative understanding and empirical method. Positivism and its critique, empirical method as positive method, major exponents of positive method as Comte, Durkheim, Parsons and Merton. Non- positivist methods, dialectical – historical method, Verstehen or interpretative understanding.</p> <p><b>Sociological theories:</b> Karl Marx; Historical materialism, mode of production, class struggle and alienation. Emile Durkheim; social fact, division of labour, suicide and religion and society. Max Weber; social action, ideal type, authority, Rationality; bureaucracy, capitalism, rise of capitalism and protestant ethics. Comparison between Marx's idea of capitalism and Weber's idea of capitalism, Marx's alienation and Durkheim's anomie, Durkheim's view of religion and Weber's view of religion, Religion in India. Comparison between Marx and Durkheim on the question of division of labour, comparison between Marx and Weber on the question of social stratification, class and class struggle.</p>	13 JUNE 2020
II	<p><b>Sociological theories:</b> Parson's social system, pattern variables, Comparison between Marx's idea of social change and Parson's idea or functionalist idea of social change. R.K.Merton: Revision of functionalism, Latent and Manifest function, conformity and deviance, comparison between Durkheim's idea of anomie and Merton's idea of deviance. George Herbert Mead: Self and identity, stages in the development of self, stages in the development of gender and any other identity, symbolic interactionism.</p> <p><b>Social stratification,</b> dimensions of social stratification, class, status group, gender, ethnicity and race. Concept of equality, inequality, Hierarchy, exclusion, poverty and Deprivation. Theories of stratification, Marxian theory, Weber' theory and the theory of Kingsley Davis and Wilbert Elhance Moore. Social mobility: open and closed types of social mobility, class and caste social mobility, types of social mobility and causes of social mobility.</p> <p><b>Works and economic life:</b> Social organization of work in different types of societies, Slave society, Feudal society and industrial capitalist society. Formal and Informal organization of work. Labour and society, Liberalization and labour.</p>	20 JUNE 2020

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III	<p><b>Politics and society:</b> Sociological theories of power, Max Weber; Zero sum concept of power, social power; Talcott Parsons, R.A.Dahl, S.M. Lipset. Elite power: Gaetano Mosca, Pareto, Mills, Floyd Hunter, the concept of power elite of Charles Wright Mills. Nation, state, citizenship, T.H.Marshall, Andre Beteille's criticism, Democracy, civil society, reciprocal relationship between democracy and civil society. Political parties; Weber, Lipset and Michael Young, pressure group and its role, similarities and differences between pressure group and political parties. Ideology: meaning of ideology, components of ideology, role of ideology in social movements, social transformation, state and nation. Collective action, difference between collective action and social movement, social movement, prerequisites of social movement, social movement and social revolution.</p> <p><b>Religion and society:</b> Sociological theories of religion, Emile Durkheim, Talcott Parsons and P.A. Sorokin. Types of religious practices, animism, Monism, Pluralism, religious practices in India. Religious organizations, ecclesia, denomination, sect and cult. Religion in modern societies, religion and science, secularism and secularization. Religious revivalism, communalism and fundamentalism.</p>	27 JUNE 2020
IV	<p><b>Systems of kinship Types of kinship</b>, family, household, household dimensions of family, types of family, marriage, changes in marriage, live in relationships. Lineage and descent, patriarchy and sexual division of labour, position of women in modern world, recent trends in family and marriage.</p> <p><b>Social change in modern society:</b> Sociological theories of social change; Karl Marx, P.A.Sorokin and Ogburn. Models of development, the socialist model, the social democratic model and modernization model, Dependency theory in the context of Latin American societies.</p> <p>Research methods and analysis: Qualitative and quantitative methods, Designs of social research, Hypothesis, Variables, Sampling and types of sampling. Primary and secondary data; techniques of data collection, observation, participant observation, Interview, Focused group interview, Questionnaire and Schedule. Techniques of classification; techniques of interpretation and generalization, Inductive and deductive techniques of generalization.</p>	04 JULY 2020
<b>SOCIOLOGY PAPER II</b>		
<b>T. N.</b>	<b>UNIT</b>	<b>DATE</b>
V	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General introduction to Indian society: Indological perspective of G.S.Ghurye on Indian society, functional perspective of M.N.Srinivas on Indian society, dialectical –historical perspective of A.R.Desai on Indian society and Weberian perspective of Andre Beteille on Indiansociety.</li> <li>2. Impact of colonial rule on Indian society: General appraisal of British rule, social background of Indian nationalism by A.R.Desai and modernization of Indian tradition by YogendraSingh.</li> <li>3. Social structure of India: The idea of Indian village, village India at the time of independence, village India to-day, the meaning and</li> </ol>	11 JULY 2020

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	<p>relevance of village studies in the 1950s and 1960s.</p> <p>4. Agrarian social structure, Land revenue system at the time of the British; Zamindari system, Ryotwari and Mahalwari system, Agrarian structure at the time of independence, Land Reforms in India, Green Revolution and the search for new Green revolution in India.</p> <p>5. Caste in India: Meaning of the caste system and caste identity, features of the caste system; perspectives of the study of caste system of G.S. Ghurye, M.N. Srinivas, Louis Dumont and Andre Beteille, change and tenacity of the caste, causes of caste tenacity, caste as humiliation, untouchability, untouchability at present times in India, Dalit castes and Dalit identity.</p> <p>6. Backward castes and demands of reservation by powerful backward castes, reasons and consequences.</p> <p>7. Social classes in India: class in India according to Andre Beteille, the caste-class syndrome in India, middle classes in India, Divisions in the Indian middle classes, role of the middle classes in India, old middle class and new middle class, classes in Industry and classes in Indian agriculture.</p>	
<b>VI</b>	<p>8. Kinship, family and marriage, kinship types in India, regional variations and their cultural relevance, Lineage and Descent in India, systems of inheritance in India, family and house hold, household dimensions of family, the study of A. M. Shah and Patricia Oberoi, changes in family in India, patriarchy in India and its causes, entitlement of women and women as family heads, sexual division of labour in India, change in women roles, marriage in India, current marriage trends in India, live in relations and its possible consequences.</p> <p>9. Religion In India: religious communities in India, the social and economic status of religious communities in India, religious revivalism, role of religion in public sphere, the debate in India on secularism, Ashis Nandi, T.N. Madan, Andre Beteille, Deepankar Gupta and others, inter-community relations, communalism in India, problems of minorities.</p> <p>10. Politics and society in India: nation, state, democracy. Civil society, relationship between democracy and civil society, political parties, pressure groups, social and political role of parties and pressure groups in India, regionalism, religion and politics in India, caste and politics in India.</p> <p>11. Population dynamics in India: population policy, emerging issues, ageing and population of senior citizens in India, unequal sex ratio in India particularly in some of the developed states in India, population dividend, declining fertility in backward states, skill India programmes, other measures to make young population of India educated and skilled.</p>	<b>18 JULY 2020</b>
<b>VII</b>	<p>12. Tribal communities IN India: meaning of tribal community, Lokur committee identification of tribal communities, attributes of tribes, problems of tribes, programmes of tribal development, tribal unrest and tribal movements, approaches to tribal integration in India, tribal policy and panchasheel, Virginious Xaxa committee report and its recommendations.</p>	<b>25 JULY 2020</b>

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	<p>13. Industry and urbanization: evolution of industry in India, industry in planned economy, industry and privatization, liberalization and globalization, working class, structure, growth, class mobilization, informal sector, child labour, women in informal sector, growth of urban settlements in India, planned cities, metropolitan cities, India's urban future, slums and slum development programmes, migrant poor in urban areas, deprivation and urban degradation in India.</p> <p>14. Rural and agrarian transformation in India: programmes of rural development, community development programmes, cooperatives, poverty alleviation programmes, green revolution and its impact, search for new green revolution in India, changing modes of production of Indian agriculture.</p> <p>15. Social issues: Women and child trafficking, child labour amendment act 2016, 498A regarding women torture, domestic violence act 2005, Indian forest right act of 2006, smart city programme, Rurban mission, Swachha Bharat Abhiyan, skill India mission, national health insurance scheme, prohibition of alcoholic drinks as new political agenda.</p>	
VIII	<p>16. Peasant and farmers movements, nine theses of Andre Gunder Frank and Fuentes on social movements, Eric Stokes and Barrington Moore(junior) on the nature of peasant movements in India, critique of Frank by D.N.Dhanagre, critique by Dhanagre and Kathaleen Gough of Eric stokes and Barrington Moore, Dhanagre's study of Telengana movement. Women movement in India, the beginning, three phases of women movement, women movement and social legislation, Visakha guidelines, Mathura rape incident, sati incident of Rajsthan, the Nirbhaya incident and the consequences. Backward classes movement, Kaka Kalelkar committee, Mandal commission report and the consequences. Dalit movements, identity and assertion, new Dalit movements in Indian universities, identity movements and their limitations. New social movements; environmental protection, climate change, chipko movement as eco-feminist movement.</p> <p>17. Social reformers of India: Jotirao Phule, Narayan Guru, M.K.Gandhi, B.R.Ambedkar and Periyar.</p> <p>18. Social change in India: idea of development planning and mixed economy, constitution, law social legislation and social change, education and social change.</p> <p>19. Challenges of social transformation in India: crisis of development, displacement, environmental problems and sustainability, poverty, deprivation and inequality, problems of change and transformation, conflicts; ethnic conflicts, class conflicts and caste conflicts.</p>	01 AUGUST 2020
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